AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

(IN FORMAT COMPLIANT WITH THE REVISED 37 CFR 1.121)

Please cancel claims 2 and 15 without prejudice.

1.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base of said output transistor; and

10   an isolation resistor coupled between said input node and a collector of said bias transistor, said isolation resistor configured to improve low frequency radio frequency (RF) response.

2.   (CANCELED)

3.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said bias circuit further comprises:

an emitter bias resistor configured to set a class A, AB, B or other quiescent bias state.

4.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising:

2

a low noise filter implementation (i) comprising at least one choke inductor and at least one bypass capacitor and (ii) coupled between said bias transistor and said input node.

5.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising:

~~an bias~~ a feedback resistor coupled between a collector of said bias transistor and said output node, said ~~bias~~ feedback resistor configured to set the bias current of said apparatus.

6.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus is monolithically integrated.

7.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus is packaged in a 3-terminal package.

8.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus comprises a self-bias Darlington amplifier.

9.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus is tolerant to supply and temperature variations.

10.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus enables dynamic bias operation.

3

11.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said apparatus is implemented using 3.3V SiGe HBT and Si BJT Darlington gain blocks.

12.   (ORIGINAL) The apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said Darlington transistor pair comprises a distributed Darlington amplifier.

13.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   means for coupling between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base of said output transistor; and

10   means for implementing an isolation resistor coupled between said input node and a collector of said bias transistor, said isolation resistor configured to improve low frequency radio frequency (RF) response.

14.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A method for self-biasing a Darlington amplifier comprising the steps of:

4

(A)   implementing a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an
5   input signal received through an input node;

(B)   coupling a bias circuit between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor
10   and base of said output transistor; and

(C)   coupling an isolation resistor between said input node and a collector of said bias transistor, said isolation resistor configured to improve low frequency radio frequency (RF) response.

15.   (CANCELED)

16.   (ORIGINAL) The method according to claim 14, wherein said bias circuit further comprises:

an emitter bias resistor configured to set a class A, AB, B or other quiescent bias state.

17.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method according to claim 14, further comprising:

implementing a low noise filter (i) comprising at least one choke inductor and at least one bypass capacitor and (ii)
5   coupled between said bias transistor and said input node.

5

18.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method according to claim 14, further comprising:

implementing a bias feedback resistor coupled between said collector of said bias transistor and said output node.

19.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method according to claim 14, wherein said Darlington transistor pair and said bias circuit are monolithically integrated.

20.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method according to claim 14, wherein said Darlington transistor pair and said bias circuit are packaged in a 3-terminal package.

21.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor having a collector coupled to said input node, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a choke resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base

10   of said output transistor, and

~~an isolation resistor coupled between said input node and a collector of said bias transistor, said isolation resistor configured to improve low frequency radio frequency (RF) response.~~

6

22.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal

5   received through an input node;

a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a choke resistor connected between a base of said bias

10   transistor and base of said output transistor; and

a low noise filter implementation coupled between said bias transistor and said input node, comprising at least one choke inductor and at least one bypass capacitor.

23.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base of said output transistor; and

10   a low noise filter implementation coupled between said bias transistor and said input node, comprising at least one choke inductor.

7

24.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 23, further comprising:

a feedback resistor coupled between said output node and said input node of said Darlington transistor pair.

25.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The apparatus according to claim 24, further comprising:

a feedback resistor coupled between a collector of said bias transistor and said output node.

26.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base of said output transistor; and

10   a low noise filter implementation coupled between said bias transistor and said input node, comprising at least one bypass capacitor.

27.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 26, further comprising:

8

a feedback resistor coupled between said output node and said input node of said Darlington transistor pair.

28.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 26, further comprising:

a feedback resistor coupled between said output node and a collector of said bias transistor.

29.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base of said output transistor; and

10   a feedback resistor coupled between a collector of each transistor of said Darlington transistor pair said output node and said input node of said Darlington transistor pair.

30.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 29, wherein said feedback resistor is used to set the nominal bias current of said apparatus.

9

31.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 29, further comprising:

a filter coupled to a collector of said bias transistor.

32.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 31, wherein said filter comprises at least one bypass capacitor.

33.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An apparatus comprising:

a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an input signal received through an input node;

5   a bias circuit coupled between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor and base of said output transistor; and

10   a feedback resistor coupled between a collector of the bias transistor and a_collector_of_each_transistor_of_said Darlington_transistor_pair the output node.

34.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The apparatus according to claim 33, wherein said apparatus further comprises:

an isolation resistor coupled between said input node and a collector of said bias transistor, said isolation resistor

5   configured to improve low frequency radio frequency (RF) response.

10

35.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A method for self-biasing a Darlington amplifier comprising the steps of:

(A)   implementing a Darlington transistor pair configured to generate an output signal at an output node in response to an
5   input signal received through an input node;

(B)   coupling a bias circuit between an output transistor of said Darlington transistor pair and said input node, said bias circuit comprising (a) a bias transistor, (b) a bypass capacitor, and (c) a resistor connected between a base of said bias transistor
10 and base of said output transistor; and

(C)   implementing a low noise filter comprising at least one choke inductor and at least one bypass capacitor coupled between said bias transistor and said input node.

36.   (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The method according to claim 35, further comprising the step of:

implementing a feedback resistor coupled between said output node and said input node of said Darlington pair.

37.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method according to claim 14, further comprising the step of:

implementing a filter comprising at least one bypass capacitor coupled between said bias transistor and said input node.

11

38.   (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The method according to claim 14. further comprising the step of:

implementing a filter comprising at least one choice inductor coupled between said bias transistor and said input node.

12